

GlassFish Server Open Source Edition

Release Notes Release 5.0

September 2017

These *Release Notes* provide late-breaking information about GlassFish Server 5.0 software and documentation. Also included are a summary of new product features in the 5.0 release, and descriptions and workarounds for known issues and limitations.

GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Release Notes, Release 5.0

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Preface

This preface contains information about and conventions for the entire GlassFish Server Open Source Edition (GlassFish Server) documentation set.

GlassFish Server is developed through the GlassFish project open-source community at https://javaee.github.io/glassfish/. The GlassFish project provides a structured process for developing the GlassFish Server platform that makes the new features of the Java EE platform available faster, while maintaining the most important feature of Java EE: compatibility. It enables Java developers to access the GlassFish Server source code and to contribute to the development of the GlassFish Server. The GlassFish project is designed to encourage communication between Oracle engineers and the community.

The following topics are addressed here:

- GlassFish Server Documentation Set
- Related Documentation
- Typographic Conventions
- Symbol Conventions
- Default Paths and File Names
- Documentation
- Documentation Accessibility

GlassFish Server Documentation Set

The GlassFish Server documentation set describes deployment planning and system installation. For an introduction to GlassFish Server, refer to the books in the order in which they are listed in the following table.

Book Title	Description
Release Notes	Provides late-breaking information about the software and the documentation and includes a comprehensive, table-based summary of the supported hardware, operating system, Java Development Kit (JDK), and database drivers.
Quick Start Guide	Explains how to get started with the GlassFish Server product.
Installation Guide	Explains how to install the software and its components.

Book Title	Description	
Upgrade Guide	Explains how to upgrade to the latest version of GlassFish Server. This guide also describes differences between adjacent product releases and configuration options that can result in incompatibility with the product specifications.	
Deployment Planning Guide	Explains how to build a production deployment of GlassFish Server that meets the requirements of your system and enterprise.	
Administration Guide	Explains how to configure, monitor, and manage GlassFish Server subsystems and components from the command line by using the asadmin utility. Instructions for performing these tasks from the Administration Console are provided in the Administration Console online help.	
Security Guide	Provides instructions for configuring and administering GlassFish Server security.	
Application Deployment Guide	Explains how to assemble and deploy applications to the GlassFish Server and provides information about deployment descriptors.	
Application Development Guide	Explains how to create and implement Java Platform, Enterprise Edition (Java EE platform) applications that are intended to run on the GlassFish Server. These applications follow the open Java standards model for Java EE components and application programmer interfaces (APIs). This guide provides information about developer tools, security, and debugging.	
Embedded Server Guide	Explains how to run applications in embedded GlassFish Server and to develop applications in which GlassFish Server is embedded.	
High Availability Administration Guide	Explains how to configure GlassFish Server to provide higher availability and scalability through failover and load balancing.	
Performance Tuning Guide	Explains how to optimize the performance of GlassFish Server.	
Troubleshooting Guide	Describes common problems that you might encounter when using GlassFish Server and explains how to solve them.	
Error Message Reference	Describes error messages that you might encounter when using GlassFish Server.	
Reference Manual	Provides reference information in man page format for GlassFish Server administration commands, utility commands, and related concepts.	
Message Queue Release Notes	Describes new features, compatibility issues, and existing bugs for Open Message Queue.	
Message Queue Technical Overview	Provides an introduction to the technology, concepts, architecture, capabilities, and features of the Message Queue messaging service.	
Message Queue Administration Guide	Explains how to set up and manage a Message Queue messaging system.	
Message Queue Developer's Guide for JMX Clients	Describes the application programming interface in Message Queue for programmatically configuring and monitoring Message Queue resources in conformance with the Java Management Extensions (JMX).	
Message Queue Developer's Guide for Java Clients	Provides information about concepts and procedures for developing Java messaging applications (Java clients) that work with GlassFish Server.	

Book Title	Description
Message Queue Developer's Guide for C Clients	Provides programming and reference information for developers working with Message Queue who want to use the C language binding to the Message Queue messaging service to send, receive, and process Message Queue messages.

Related Documentation

The following tutorials explain how to develop Java EE applications:

- Your First Cup: An Introduction to the Java EE Platform (https://javaee.github.io/firstcup/). For beginning Java EE programmers, this short tutorial explains the entire process for developing a simple enterprise application. The sample application is a web application that consists of a component that is based on the Enterprise JavaBeans specification, a JAX-RS web service, and a JavaServer Faces component for the web front end.
- The Java EE 8 Tutorial (https://javaee.github.io/tutorial/). This comprehensive tutorial explains how to use Java EE 7 platform technologies and APIs to develop Java EE applications.

Javadoc tool reference documentation for packages that are provided with GlassFish Server is available as follows.

- The API specification for version 8 of Java EE is located at https://javaee.github.io/javaee-spec/javadocs/.
- The API specification for GlassFish Server 5.0, including Java EE 8 platform packages and non-platform packages that are specific to the GlassFish Server product, is located at https://javaee.github.io/javaee-spec/javadocs/.

Additionally, the Java EE Specifications

(https://javaee.github.io/javaee-spec/Specifications) might be useful.

For information about creating enterprise applications in the NetBeans Integrated Development Environment (IDE), see the NetBeans Documentation, Training & Support page (http://www.netbeans.org/kb/).

For information about the Apache Derby database for use with the GlassFish Server, see the Apache Derby product page (https://db.apache.org/derby/manuals/).

The Java EE Samples project is a collection of sample applications that demonstrate a broad range of Java EE technologies. The Java EE Samples are bundled with the Java EE Software Development Kit (SDK) and are also available from the Java EE Samples project page (https://github.com/javaee/glassfish-samples).

Typographic Conventions

The following table describes the typographic changes that are used in this book.

Typeface	Meaning	Example
AaBbCc123	The names of commands, files,	Edit your .login file.
	and directories, and onscreen computer output	Use 1s a to list all files.
	1 1	machine_name% you have mail.

Typeface	Meaning	Example
AaBbCc123	What you type, contrasted with onscreen computer output	machine_name% su
		Password:
AaBbCc123	A placeholder to be replaced with a real name or value	The command to remove a file is rm <i>filename</i> .
AaBbCc123	AaBbCc123 Book titles, new terms, and terms to be emphasized (note that some emphasized items appear bold online)	Read Chapter 6 in the User's Guide.
		A <i>cache</i> is a copy that is stored locally.
		Do <i>not</i> save the file.

Symbol Conventions

The following table explains symbols that might be used in this book.

Symbol	Description	Example	Meaning
[]	Contains optional arguments and command options.	ls [-1]	The -1 option is not required.
{ }	Contains a set of choices for a required command option.	-d {y n}	The -d option requires that you use either the y argument or the n argument.
\${}	Indicates a variable reference.	\${com.sun.javaRoot}	References the value of the com.sun.javaRoot variable.
-	Joins simultaneous multiple keystrokes.	Control-A	Press the Control key while you press the A key.
+	Joins consecutive multiple keystrokes.	Ctrl+A+N	Press the Control key, release it, and then press the subsequent keys.
>	Indicates menu item selection in a graphical user interface.	File > New > Templates	From the File menu, choose New. From the New submenu, choose Templates.

Default Paths and File Names

The following table describes the default paths and file names that are used in this book.

Placeholder	Description	Default Value
as-install	Represents the base installation directory for GlassFish Server.	Installations on the Oracle Solaris operating system, Linux operating system, and Mac OS operating system:
		<pre>user's-home-directory/glassfish5/glassfish</pre>
		Installations on the Windows operating system:
		SystemDrive:\glassfish5\glassfish
as-install-parent	Represents the parent of the base installation directory for GlassFish	Installations on the Oracle Solaris operating system, Linux operating system, and Mac operating system:
	Server.	user's-home-directory/glassfish5
		Installations on the Windows operating system:
		SystemDrive:\glassfish5

Placeholder	Description	Default Value
domain-root-dir	Represents the directory in which a domain is created by default.	<i>as-install</i> /domains/
domain-dir	Represents the directory in which a domain's configuration is stored.	domain-root-dir/domain-name
instance-dir	Represents the directory for a server instance.	domain-dir/instance-name

Documentation

The documentation information is available at:

Documentation

Documentation Accessibility

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at: http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=docacc.

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GlassFish Server Open Source Edition 5.0 Release Notes

GlassFish Server provides a lightweight, modular server for the development of Java Platform Enterprise Edition (Java EE) 8 applications. It is the Reference Implementation for Java EE. It delivers a highly productive platform for developing with the latest Java EE technologies.

For any issue or information on GlassFish Server Open Source Edition, see the GlassFish Server Community (https://javaee.github.io/glassfish/).

These *Release Notes* provide late-breaking information about GlassFish Server 5.0 software and documentation. These *Release Notes* include summaries of supported hardware, operating environments, and JDK and JDBC/RDBMS requirements. Also included are a summary of new product features in the 5.0 release, and descriptions and workarounds for known issues and limitations.

Refer to this document prior to installing, configuring, or using GlassFish Server 5.0 software. Consult this document periodically to view the most up-to-date product information.

- "Revision History"
- "What's New in the GlassFish Server 5.0 Release?"
- "Hardware and Software Requirements"
- "Known Issues in GlassFish Server 5.0"
- "Restrictions and Deprecated Functionality"
- "Documentation Errata"
- "Features Available Only in the Full Platform"
- "Java EE Standards Support"
- "Java EE SDK"
- "How to Report Problems and Provide Feedback"
- "Additional Resources"

Revision History

This section lists the revision history for these Release Notes.

Table 1–1	Revision History
Date	Description of Changes
September 2017	GlassFish Server Open Source Edition 5.0.

What's New in the GlassFish Server 5.0 Release?

GlassFish is the Reference Implementation for Java EE. Java EE 8 introduces the JSON Binding API (JSON-B) for mapping between JSON text and Java objects, building on the JSON Processing API (JSON-P). Servlet has been enhanced with the addition of support for the new HTTP/2 protocol. JAX-RS adds support for server-sent events and, building on concurrency facilities added in Java SE 8, a reactive client API. The new Java EE Security API provides enhanced support for authentication and authorization in web modules, and also introduces APIs for access to identity stores. The Bean Validation facility is updated to reflect enhancements made in Java SE 8 and to extend the range of validated objects.

GlassFish Server 5.0 includes the following new and updated Java EE standards.

New Features

- Java EE Security API 1.0
- Java API for JSON Binding (JSON-B) 1.0

Updated

- Java API for JSON Processing (JSON-P) 1.1
- Java API for WebSocket 1.1
- Java API for RESTful Web Services (JAX-RS) 2.1
- Contexts and Dependency Injection for Java EE (CDI) 2.0
- Java Persistence API (JPA) 2.2
- Common annotations 1.3
- JavaServer Faces (JSF) 2.3
- Java Servlet 4.0
- Bean Validation (BV) 2.0
- Interceptors 1.2
- JavaMail 1.6

For a complete list of the Java EE technologies included in GlassFish Server 5.0, see Java EE Standards Support.

Note: The main thrust of the GlassFish Server Open Source Edition 5.0 release is to provide an application server for developers to explore and begin exploiting the new and updated technologies in the Java EE 8 platform. Thus, the following features of GlassFish Server were not a focus of this release:

- Clusters and centralized management of standalone instances
- High availability features
- Upgrade
- Embedded Server

These features are included in the release, but they may not function properly with some of the new features added in support of the Java EE 8 platform.

Hardware and Software Requirements

This section lists the requirements that must be met before installing GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Release 5.0 software.

The following topics are addressed here:

- Required JDK Versions
- Required Disk Space
- Required Free Ports
- Message Queue Broker Requirements
- Paths and Environment Settings for the JDK Software

Required JDK Versions

GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Release 5.0 requires Oracle JDK 8 Update 144 or later.

Also be sure to see Paths and Environment Settings for the JDK Software for important JDK configuration instructions.

Note: It is recommended that any machine that is hosting a GlassFish Server DAS or server instance have a minimum of 1 GB RAM.

Required Disk Space

The download sizes for GlassFish Server 5.0 vary depending on the package you choose. The following are the approximate sizes of the ZIP packages for the Full and Web profiles:

- Full *.zip: 114 MB (136 MB unzipped)
- Web *.zip: 64.9 MB (82.9 MB unzipped)

The installation sizes will vary depending on your configuration, but the approximate amount of disk space used by GlassFish Server 5.0 is as follows:

Full: 138 MB

Web: 84.4 MB

Required Free Ports

You must have sixteen unused ports available for the ports GlassFish Server uses. The installation program automatically detects ports that are in use and suggests currently unused ports for the default settings. The initial default port assignments are listed in the following table. If these default port numbers are in use, the installation program assigns a randomly selected port number from the dynamic port range. The selected port number might not be the next available port number.

Port Number	Usage
4848	Administration Console
8080	HTTP
8081	HTTPS
8686	Pure JMX clients
3700	IIOP
3820	IIOP/SSL
3920	IIOP/SSL with mutual authentication
22	SSH port
9009	Java debugger
7676	JMS provider
Auto-generated from the operating system's dynamic port range	Message Queue TCP port
Auto-generated from the operating system's dynamic port range	Message Queue Admin port
9090	GMS TCP start port
9200	GMS TCP end port
Auto-generated between GMS TCP start and end ports	GMS listener port
Auto generated between 2048 and 49151	GMS multicast port

Table 1–2 Default Port Assignments for GlassFish Server 5.0

In some situations, such as when multiple domains are running on a single host, port conflicts can arise in the auto-generated ports used by Message Queue and the GMS. To avoid these conflicts, you can configure the JMS host and the GMS to use specific ports.

To Configure Specific Ports for a JMS Host

When you create a JMS Host, GlassFish server automatically selects ports for the JMS provider (called the *portmapper port* in Message Queue terminology), the Message Queue TCP port and the Message Queue admin port.

To provide specific values for these ports, use the --mqport and --property options when creating the JMS host:

```
asadmin> create-jms-host --mqhost hostName --mqport portNumber \
--mquser adminUser --mqpassword adminPassword --target glassfishTarget \
--property imq\\.jms\\.tcp\\.port=tcpPort:imq\\.admin\\.tcp\\.port=adminPort \
```

```
jms-host-name
```

--maport portNumber

This option specifies the JMS provider port number.

```
--property imq\\.jms\\.tcp\\.port=tcpPort:imq\\.admin\\.tcp\\.port=adminPort
The imq.jms.tcp.port and imq.admin.tcp.port properties specify the TCP port and
the admin port numbers. The double backslashes (\\) are used in the --properties
option to escape the dots in the property names.
```

To Configure Specific GMS Ports for a Cluster

When you create a cluster, GlassFish server automatically selects a port for GMS multicast that does not conflict with the GMS multicast port of any other cluster in the domain. Additionally, when you start a cluster, the GMS automatically selects an available port in a specific range for its TCP listener.

If two or more domains are running on the same host, configure the clusters in the domains to ensure that no GMS port conflicts can arise among the clusters. To avoid possible port conflicts, use the --multicast and --properties options when creating the cluster:

```
asadmin> create-cluster --multicastport multicast-port \
--properties GMS_TCPSTARTPORT=start-port:GMS_TCPENDPORT=end-port \
cluster-name
```

```
--multicastport multicast-port
This option specifies the port number for the GMS to use for UDP multicast.
```

```
--properties GMS_TCPSTARTPORT=start-port:GMS_TCPENDPORT=end-port
```

The GMS_TCPSTARTPORT and GMS_TCPENDPORT properties specify the range of port numbers the GMS is to use when selecting an available port for its TCP listener.

Note: Though you can create a cluster, there is no support for configuration, as this has not been tested.

Message Queue Broker Requirements

GlassFish Server 5.0 is now bundled with Message Queue (MQ) Broker 5.1.1. Refer to the *Open Message Queue Release Notes* for complete information about MQ Broker requirements.

Paths and Environment Settings for the JDK Software

Ensure that your JDK configuration settings on all local and remote GlassFish Server hosts adhere to the guidelines listed below. Failure to adhere to these guidelines can cause various problems that may be difficult to trace.

The following topics are addressed here:

- Use the JDK Binaries
- Set the JAVA_HOME Environment Variable
- Set Other Environment Variables As Necessary

Use the JDK Binaries

The following binary files that are used with GlassFish Server must come from the JDK software, not the Java Runtime Environment (JRE) software:

- ∎ java
- keytool

To meet this requirement, ensure that the bin directory for the JDK software precedes the bin directory for the JRE software in your path.

Set the JAVA_HOME Environment Variable

Before performing any GlassFish Server installation or configuration procedures, set the JAVA_HOME environment variable on the GlassFish Server host machine to point to the correct Java version. Also be sure to add the JAVA_HOME/bin directory to the PATH variable for your environment. The JAVA_HOME variable must be set on all local and remote GlassFish Server hosts.

Set Other Environment Variables As Necessary

All remote asadmin subcommands require the correct version of Java to be available on the affected remote machine. For example, when creating a cluster or server instance on a remote machine, the remote machine uses its local default Java installation, not the Java installation that is on the DAS. Errors will therefore occur if the remote machine uses the wrong Java version.

Depending on the remote subcommand, the errors may not occur when the subcommand is executed, but may occur later, when interacting with a configuration or resource created or modified by the subcommand. For example, when creating a clustered server instance on a remote machine, the error may only first appear when you attempt to deploy an application on that server instance.

This issue is more likely to be encountered when GlassFish Server is installed on the remote server by means of a ZIP file package as you do not have the option to specifically choose your Java version while unzipping a ZIP file.

Depending on what shell is invoked via SSH on the remote host, the JAVA_HOME and PATH environment variables may need to be explicitly set in .bashrc, .cshrc, or some other shell configuration file. This configuration file may differ from the one that is used when you log in to the machine, such as .profile.

Alternatively, you can specifically set the Java path with the AS_JAVA property in the in the *as-install*/config/asenv.conf file.

Known Issues in GlassFish Server 5.0

This section describes known issues and any available workarounds for GlassFish Server Open Source Edition 5.0 software.

The following topics are addressed here:

- JAXB and JAX-WS no longer part of Java EE platform
- Resource validation property is enabled in the JVM option for deployment
- Update Tool and pkg Command no longer part of GlassFish Server
- Java DB has been replaced by Apache Derby

JAXB and JAX-WS no longer part of Java EE platform

Description

JAXB and JAX-WS are no longer part of Java EE platform, instead these technologies are shipped with Java SE since version 6. However, the jars are packaged in GlassFish. The APIs have been updated with newer versions (i.e 2.3.0) using the endorsed standard mechanism of JDK.

Note: These updated jars are present only in the full profile of GlassFish and not part of web profile.

Workaround

None

Resource validation property is enabled in the JVM option for deployment

Description

A new JVM option for deployment - deployment.resource.validation is introduced in GlassFish Server 5.0. This property is set to True by default so that each resource is validated during deployment time. This ensures that all resources are created beforehand. This property is applicable for administration server as well as instances when clusters are involved.

Note: However, for deployment of applications containing embedded resource adapter, a connector resource is created after deployment. For the deployment of such applications to succeed, the server(s) must be started with this property set to false. For more information on JVM deployment options see Administering JVM Options.

Workaround

In case you do not want the resource validation to take place during the deployment, you can set this property value to False.

Update Tool and pkg Command no longer part of GlassFish Server

Description

In previous releases, you could update your GlassFish Server software using the pkg command and the Update tool. Since the recent release of GlassFish server does not require the use of these features, they have been removed from the GlassFish server installation.

Workaround

No workaround.

Java DB has been replaced by Apache Derby

Description

In the previous releases, Java DB was used as the database for GlassFish servers. With the release of GlassFish Server 5.0, Apache Derby 10.13.1.1 has replaced Java DB as the database for GlassFish servers.

Workaround

No workaround.

Restrictions and Deprecated Functionality

This section describes restrictions and deprecated functionality in Oracle GlassFish Server 5.0.

The following topics are addressed here:

- asadmin Subcommands
- Deprecated, Unsupported, and Obsolete Options
- Applications That Use Apache Derby
- No Support for Client VM on Windows AMD64
- Metro Reliable Messaging in InOrder Delivery Mode

asadmin Subcommands

In GlassFish Server 5.0, it is recommended that utility options of the asadmin command precede the subcommand. Utility options are options that control the behavior of the asadmin utility, as distinguished from subcommand options. Use of the following options after the subcommand is deprecated.

- --host
- --port
- --user
- --passwordfile
- --terse
- --secure
- --echo
- --interactive

Deprecated, Unsupported, and Obsolete Options

Options in Table 1–3 are deprecated or no longer supported, or are obsolete and are ignored.

Option	Affected Subcommands	
acceptlang	Unsupported for the create-virtual-server subcommand.	
acls	Unsupported for the create-virtual-server subcommand.	
adminpassword	Unsupported for all relevant subcommands. Usepasswordfile instead.	
autoapplyenabled	Obsolete for the create-http-lb subcommand.	
autohadb	Obsolete for the create-cluster subcommand.	
autohadboverride	Obsolete for the start-cluster subcommand and the stop-cluster subcommand	
blockingenabled	Unsupported for the create-http-listener subcommand.	
configfile	Unsupported for the create-virtual-server subcommand.	
defaultobj	Unsupported for the create-virtual-server subcommand.	
defaultvs	Deprecated for the create-http-listener subcommand. Usedefault-virtual-server instead.	
description	Obsolete for the restore-domain subcommand.	
devicesize	Obsolete for the create-cluster subcommand.	
haadminpassword	Obsolete for the create-cluster subcommand.	
haadminpasswordfile	Obsolete for the create-cluster subcommand.	
haagentport	Obsolete for the create-cluster subcommand.	
haproperty	Obsolete for the create-cluster subcommand.	
hosts	Obsolete for the create-cluster subcommand.	
ignoreDescriptorItem	Replaced by the all lowercase optionignoredescriptoritem in the set-web-context-param subcommand and the set-web-env-entry subcommand.	
mime	Unsupported for the create-virtual-server subcommand.	
password	Unsupported for all remote subcommands. Usepasswordfile instead.	
path	Unsupported for the create-domain subcommand. Usedomaindir instead.	
portbase	Obsolete <i>only</i> for the create-cluster subcommand. This option is still valid in other subcommands such as create-domain, create-instance, and create-local-instance.	
resourcetype	Unsupported for all relevant subcommands. Userestype instead.	
retrievefile	Obsolete for the export-http-lb-config subcommand.	
setenv	Obsolete for the start-instance subcommand.	

 Table 1–3
 Deprecated, Unsupported, and Obsolete Options for asadmin and Subcommands

Option	Affected Subcommands	
target	Obsolete <i>only</i> for the following subcommands:	
	 create-connector-connection-pool 	
	 create-resource-adapter-config 	
	 delete-connector-connection-pool 	
	 delete-connector-security-map 	
	 delete-jdbc-connection-pool 	
	 delete-resource-ref 	
	Replaced by an operand in the list-custom-resources subcommand and the list-jndi-entries subcommand:	

 Table 1–3 (Cont.) Deprecated, Unsupported, and Obsolete Options for asadmin and

 Subcommands

Applications That Use Apache Derby

The directory location of Apache Derby in GlassFish Server 5.0 has changed from its location in previous installations. Suppose that you have deployed applications that use Apache Derby databases in your previous server installation, and you upgrade your existing installation to GlassFish Server 5.0. If you run the asadmin start-database command and successfully start Apache Derby, you could run into problems while trying to run applications that were deployed on your previous server installation.

To solve this problem, you can copy the databases directory from your previous installation to *as-install*/databases. Make sure the database is not running when you do this.

Alternatively, you can perform these steps:

1. Use the asadmin start-database command with the --dbhome option pointing to the databases directory in the older version of Apache Derby. For example:

```
asadmin start-database --dbhome c:\glassfish\databases
```

2. After upgrade, start GlassFish Server 5.0.

No Support for Client VM on Windows AMD64

By default, the GlassFish Server DAS uses the Client VM to achieve best startup and deployment performance. If you are using Windows AMD64, edit the domain.xml file to remove the line <jvm-options>-client<jvm-options>. In this case, JVM ergonomics chooses the appropriate kind of VM for the given platform. Note that server instances use the Server VM by default.

For more information about platform support, see Ergonomics in the 5.0 Java Virtual Machine.

Metro Reliable Messaging in InOrder Delivery Mode

The Metro Reliable Messaging in InOrder Delivery mode has not been tested for high availability in GlassFish Server 5.0. The feature may work, but it has not been formally tested and is therefore not a supported feature.

No Support for Kerberos on AIX

GlassFish Server 5.0 does not support Kerberos on the AIX platform.

For the complete report about this issue, see Issue-16728

Documentation Errata

This section describes documentation errata.

Upgrading to Oracle GlassFish Server Is Not Necessary

Upgrading to Oracle GlassFish Server Is Not Necessary

The *GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Administration Guide* discusses upgrading GlassFish Server Open Source Edition to Oracle GlassFish Server. GlassFish Server 4.x is only an open source release, so this upgrade is not necessary.

Note: Upgrading may not work for GlassFish Server 5.0

Features Available Only in the Full Platform

The following features of GlassFish Server 5.0 are available only in the Full Platform:

 EJB features that make up the full EJB 3.2 API, such as remote EJB components, message-driven beans, web service EJB endpoints, and the EJB Timer Service

The EJB 3.2 Lite specification is supported in the Web Profile. This specification allows enterprise beans within web applications and includes support for local stateless session beans, stateful session beans, and singleton session beans.

- Application Client Container
- JMS resources
- Web services

In the Web Profile, a servlet or EJB component cannot be a web service endpoint. The sun-web.xml and sun-ejb-jar.xml elements that are related to web services are ignored.

- Message security
- JavaMail resources

Connector modules that use only outbound communication features and work-management that does not involve inbound communication features are supported in the Web Profile. Other connector features are supported only in the GlassFish Server Open Source Edition 5.0 full platform.

Java EE Standards Support

Table 1–4 lists the Java EE standards implemented in GlassFish Server 5.0. The table also indicates the distributions in which the implementation of a standard is available.

- X indicates that the implementation is available in the distribution.
- indicates that the implementation is *not* available in the distribution.

Java EE Standard	Java Specification Request (JSR)	GlassFish Server 5.0 Full Platform	GlassFish Server 5.0 Web Profile
Java Platform, Enterprise Edition 8 (https://javaee.github.io/javaee-spec/javadocs/)	JSR 366 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=366)	Х	X
Java EE Security API	JSR 375 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=375)	Х	Х
Batch Applications for the Java Platform 1.0	JSR 352 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=352)	Х	-
Concurrency Utilities for Java EE 1.0	JSR 236 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=236)	Х	-
Java API for JSON Processing 1.1	JSR 374 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=374)	Х	Х
Java API for JSON Binding 1.0	JSR 367 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=367)	Х	Х
Java API for WebSocket 1.1	JSR 356 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=356)	Х	Х
Java Servlet Technology 4.0 (https://javaee.github.io/servlet-spec/) /	JSR 369 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=369)	Х	Х
JavaServer Pages 2.3	JSR 245 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=245)	Х	Х
Expression Language 3.0	JSR 341 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=341)	Х	X
Debugging Support for Other Languages 1.0	JSR 45 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=45)	Х	X
Standard Tag Library for JavaServer Pages 1.2	JSR 52 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=52)	Х	Х
JavaServer Faces 2.3 (https://github.com/javaserverfaces/)	JSR 372 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=372)	Х	X
Common Annotations for the Java Platform 1.2	JSR 250 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=250)	Х	Х
Java Transaction API 1.2 (https://github.com/javaee/jta-spec)	JSR 907 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=907)	Х	X
Java Persistence API 2.2 (https://github.com/javaee/jpa-spec)	JSR 338 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=338)	X	X

Table 1–4 Java EE Standards Implementations in GlassFish Server 5.0

Java EE Standard	Java Specification Request (JSR)	GlassFish Server 5.0 Full Platform	GlassFish Server 5.0 Web Profile
Managed Beans 1.0	JSR 316 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=316)	Х	Х
Interceptors 1.2	JSR 318 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=318)	Х	X
Dependency Injection for Java 1.0	JSR 330 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=330)	Х	X
Enterprise JavaBeans 3.2 Lite (https://github.com/javaee/ejb-spec)	JSR 345 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=345)	Х	Х
Enterprise JavaBeans 3.2 Full API (https://github.com/javaee/ejb-spec)	JSR 345 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=345)	Х	-
Contexts and Dependency Injection for Java EE 2.0	JSR 365 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=365)	Х	Х
Java API for RESTful Web Service (JAX-RS) 2.1	JSR 370 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=370)	Х	Х
Bean Validation 2.0	JSR 380 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=380)	Х	Х
Java EE Connector Architecture 1.7 (https://github.com/javaee/connector-spe c)	JSR 322 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=322)	Х	X*
Java API for XML-Based Web Services (JAX-WS) 2.3 (https://github.com/javaee/metro-jax-ws)	JSR 224 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=224)	Х	-
Java Architecture for XML Binding (JAXB) 2.2 (https://github.com/javaee/jaxb-v2)	JSR 222 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=222)	Х	-
Implementing Enterprise Web Services 1.4	JSR 109 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=109)	Х	-
Web Services Metadata for the Java Platform 2.1	JSR 181 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=181)	Х	-
Java Message Service 2.0 (https://javaee.github.io/jms-spec/)	JSR 343 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=343)	Х	-
JavaMail1.6 (https://javaee.github.io/javamail/)	JSR 919 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=919)	Х	-
Java Authorization Contract for Containers 1.5 (https://javaee.github.io/jacc-spec/)	JSR 115 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=115)	X	-

Table 1–4 (Cont.) Java EE Standards Implementations in GlassFish Server 5.0

Java EE Standard	Java Specification Request (JSR)	GlassFish Server 5.0 Full Platform	GlassFish Server 5.0 Web Profile
Java Authentication Service Provider Interface for Containers 1.1	JSR 196 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=196)	Х	-
Java EE Application Deployment 1.2	JSR 88 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=88)	Х	-
J2EE Management 1.1	JSR77 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=77)	Х	-
Java API for XML-Based Remote Procedure Calls (JAX-RPC) 1.1 (https://github.com/javaee/jax-rpc-ri/)	JSR 101 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=101)	Х	-
Java API for XML-Based Registries (JAXR) 1.0	JSR 93 (http://jcp.org/en/ jsr/detail?id=93)	Х	-

Table 1–4 (Cont.) Java EE Standards Implementations in GlassFish Server 5.0

* Standalone Connector 1.7 Container only.

Building on these standards, GlassFish Server 5.0 provides a number of extensions, including the following:

- Ajax (asynchronous JavaScript and XML): Retrieves and displays new data for a portion of a web page without affecting the rest of the page.
- Metro: A web services stack that implements Java Architecture for XML Binding (JAXB) and Java APIs for XML Web Services 2.3 (JAX-WS 2.3).
- Grizzly: A framework for building scalable and robust servers using New I/O (NIO) APIs, which make scaling to thousands of users possible. The ability to embed components that support HTTP, Bayeux Protocol, Java Servlet API, and Comet is provided.

Java EE SDK

GlassFish Server 5.0 is available as part of the Java EE 8 SDK. The following versions of the Java EE 8 SDK are available:

- Java EE 8 SDK: This version includes GlassFish Server 5.0. This version is designed for developers who require the full set of Java EE APIs for enterprise application development.
- Java EE 8 Web Profile SDK: This version includes GlassFish Server 5.0 Web Profile. This version contains web technologies that are subset of the Full Platform and is designed for developers who do not require the full set of Java EE APIs.

More information about the Java EE SDK distributions are available at Java EE Reference at a Glance

(http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javaee/documentation/ind ex.html). Java EE SDK distributions are available from the Java EE SDK Downloads page

(http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javaee/downloads/index.h
tml).

How to Report Problems and Provide Feedback

If you have problems with GlassFish Server 5.0, provide feedback through one of the following mechanisms:

- GlassFish Server forum (https://javaee.groups.io/g/glassfish) A variety of GlassFish Server community for various interests and feedback
- GlassFish Issue tracker (https://github.com/javaee/glassfish/issues)
 GlassFish Server project dashboards and issue tracking database

Additional Resources

Useful information can be found at the following locations:

- GlassFish Server Community (https://javaee.github.io/glassfish/)
- Oracle Developer Information
 (http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/index.html)
- Oracle product documentation
 (http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/indexes/documentation/inde
 x.html)